Advantage ICF PIB 224

Quebec
Construction Code
Advantage ICF
System Above
Grade Wall



Advantage ICF System® Product Information Bulletin

Better building ideas from PFB					
BULLETIN NO.	224				
ISSUED:	September 17, 2019				
REPLACES:	September 9, 2019				

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Plasti-Fab[®] manufactures expanded polystyrene (EPS) product solutions that meet energy efficiency requirements required by Quebec Construction Code, Chapter I – Building, and National Building Code of Canada 2010 (amended). This bulletin summarizes the Advantage ICF System[®] for above-grade wall applications as an option for use in building assemblies that would comply with buildings with residential occupancy per Quebec Construction Code, Part 11.

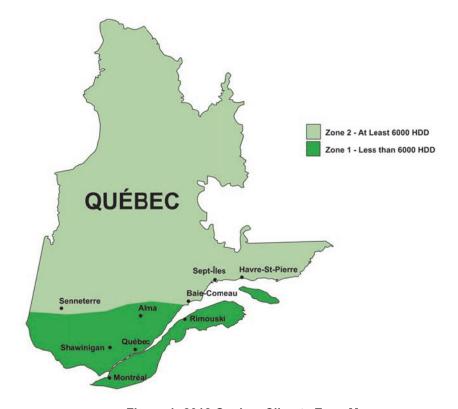


Figure 1: 2012 Quebec Climate Zone Map

Table 1 – Quebec Construction Code, Division B, Appendix C, Climate Data

Less Than 6,000 Heating Degree Days (HDD)			At Least 6,000 Heating Degree Days (HDDs)				
Location	HDD	Location	HDD	Location	HDD	Location	HDD
Montréal	4,200	Rivière-du-Loup	5,380	Rouyn	6,050	Sept-Îles	6,200
Shawinigan	5,050	Gaspé	5,500	Baie-Comeau	6,020	Val-d'Or	6,180
Québec	5,080	Alma	5,800	Dolbeau	6,250	Amos	6,160
Rimouski	5,300	Roberval	5,750	Havre-St-Pierre	6,100	Senneterre	6,180



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Table 2 provides minimum total thermal resistance $- RSI_T (R_T) - from$ the Quebec Construction Code for above grade wall applications. $RSI_T (R_T)$ of a separation is defined in Article 1.4.1.2. of the Quebec Construction Code as the sum of the thermal resistance of all material layers in a component along a line crossing the insulated portion of the separation (including the interior and exterior surface air film of the envelope).

Table 2 – Quebec Construction Code – RSI_T (R_T) for Above Grade Walls

Reference Table	Climate Zone	RSI _T	R_T
Table 11.2.2.1.A.	Less Than 6,000 HDD (<6,000 HDD)	4.31	24.5
Table 11.2.2.1.B.	At Least 6,000 HDD (≥6,000 HDD)	5.11	29.0

In addition, Quebec Construction Code, Sentence 11.2.3.1.(1) requires that wood framing members spaced less than 600 mm (24") on center in building components constituting a thermal bridge shall be covered with insulating material having a thermal resistance of at least RSI-0.7 (R-4.0). Table 3 below provides Plasti-Fab EPS product solutions to meet Quebec Construction Code requirements for above grade wall applications.

Table 3 - Plasti-Fab Product EPS Solutions for Above Grade Walls

Plasti-Fab Wall Option Description	Climate Zone	Required RSI _T (R _T)	Base Wall RSI (R) ¹	RSI (R) Continuous Insulation			
Wood Frame Wall Options with Plasti-Fab Continuous EPS Insulating Sheathing							
Wood Stud Wall - 2 x 6 wood studs @ 406 mm	<6,000 HDD	4.31 (24.5)	3.69 (21.0)	0.70 (4.0)			
on center with RSI-3.34 (R-19) cavity insulation (See Tables 4 and 5 for RSI _{eff} /R _{eff} calculation)	≥6,000 HDD	5.11 (29.0)	4.22 (24.0)	0.89 (5.0)			
Wall Options with Plasti-Fab Building Systems							
Advantage ICF System insulating concrete form	<6,000 HDD						
above grade wall (See Tables 4 and 5	or	4.31 (24.5)	NA	4.14 (23.5)			
Advantage ICF System RSI _{eff} /R _{eff} calculation)	≥6,000 HDD						

^{1.} Base wall RSI_T (R_T) the sum of the thermal resistance for cavity insulation plus continuous elements other than Plasti-Fab EPS insulation – i.e., outside air film, cladding, gypsum board and inside air film.

 RSI_{eff} calculations in Table 4 illustrate an **Advantage ICF System** wall system that provides a higher RSI_{eff} than a typical wood stud wall with minimum RSI_{T} as per the Quebec Construction Code for a building located in climate zone <6,000 HDD.

Table 4 - Effective Thermal Resistance for Above-Grade Wall Assemblies <6.000 HDD Zone

Advantage ICF Sy	stem	2	x 6 Stud Frame		
Component	RSI	Component	RSI _F Framing	RSI _c Cavity Insulation	Continuous Materials
Outside Air Film	0.03	Outside Air Film			0.03
Metal Siding	0.11	Metal Siding			0.11
Sheathing Paper	0.01	Sheathing Paper			0.01
Type 2 EPS Insulation	1.87	Cavity Insulation		3.34	
152-mm Concrete Wall	0.06	Continuous Insulation			0.70
Type 2 EPS Insulation	1.87	Wood Stud @ 610 mm	1.13		
13-mm Gypsum Board	0.08	13-mm Gypsum Board		0.08	
Inside Air Film	0.12	Inside Air Film 0.12		0.12	
		RSI-Sub-Totals	1.13	3.34	1.05
RSI-Total	4.14	% Area of Wall	20%	80%	100%
Effective Thermal Resistance Effective Therm			tive Thermal Re	esistance	
RSI _{eff} = 4.14 m ² •°(C/W	RSI _{eff} = 2.58 m ² •°C/W (Note: RSI _T = 3.34 + 1.05 = 4.39)			



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 RSI_{eff} calculations in Table 5 illustrate an **Advantage ICF System** wall system that provides a higher RSI_{eff} than a typical wood stud wall with minimum RSI_{T} as per the Quebec Construction Code for a building located in climate zone \geq 6,000 HDD.

Table 5 – Effective Thermal Resistance for Above-Grade Wall Assemblies ≥6,000 HDD Zone

Advantage ICF Sy	stem	2	x 6 Stud Frame	6 Stud Frame Wall	
Component	RSI	Component	RSI _F Framing	RSI _c Cavity Insulation	Continuous Materials
Outside Air Film	0.03	Outside Air Film			0.03
Metal Siding	0.11	Metal Siding			0.11
Sheathing Paper	0.01	Sheathing Paper			0.01
Type 2 EPS Insulation	1.87	Cavity Insulation		3.87	
152-mm Concrete Wall	0.06	Continuous Insulation			0.89
Type 2 EPS Insulation	1.87	Wood Stud @ 610 mm	1.13		
13-mm Gypsum Board	0.08	13-mm Gypsum Board			0.08
Inside Air Film	0.12	Inside Air Film			0.12
		RSI-Sub-Totals	1.13	3.87	1.24
RSI-Total	4.14	% Area of Wall	20%	80%	100%
Effective Thermal Resistance		Effective Thermal Resistance			
RSI _{eff} = 4.14 m ² •°0	RSI _{eff} = $3.85 \text{ m}^2 \cdot \text{°C/W}$ (Note: RSI _T = $3.87 + 1.24 = 5.11$)				

RSI_{eff}/R_{eff} (effective thermal resistance) of building assemblies is calculated as per NBC 2010, section 9.36.2 using the formula below which includes the effect of thermal bridging due to repetitive structural members such as wood framing members in walls.

$$\textbf{RSI}_{\textbf{eff}} \left(\textbf{R}_{\textbf{eff}} \right) = \frac{100\%}{\frac{\% \text{ Area of Framing}}{\text{RSI}_{\textbf{F}}(\textbf{R}_{\textbf{F}})} + \frac{\% \text{ Area of Cavity}}{\text{RSI}_{\textbf{C}}(\textbf{R}_{\textbf{C}})}} + \text{RSI}(\textbf{R}) \text{ Continuous Material Layers}$$